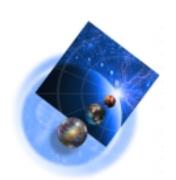


What's New in COBOL for z/OS

Tom Ross SHARE New York August, 2004





Enterprise COBOL

- A New name for COBOL compilers:
 - Enterprise COBOL for z/OS and OS/390 Version 3
 - PID 5655-G53
 - Release 1 GA: November, 2001
 - Release 2 GA: October, 2002
- Now ANOTHER new name!
 - Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Version 3 Release 3
 - Release 3 GA: February, 2004
- For migration/compatibility purposes
 - Think of Enterprise COBOL Version 3 Release 3 as VS COBOL II Release 11







Topics

First, Release 1 (2001) that added most new features:

- OO COBOL syntax for interoperability with Java
- WebSphere support
- High-speed XML PARSE support
- Unicode support
- Multithreading support
- Integrated CICS translator

Then Release 2 (2002)

- Biggest new features are enhanced Debug support
- Also some Java interoperability OO COBOL enhancements

Then Release 3 (2004)

- XML GENERATE
- DB2 Version 8 SQL support in coprocessor
- Debug Tool Version 4 support





Enterprise COBOL for z/OS R3

Run-time library pre-reqs:

- OS/390 V2R10 Language Environment
 - ► Plus PTFs for APAR PQ80358/PQ87307
- z/OS Language Environment R1-R5:
 - ► Plus PTFs for APAR PQ80358/PQ87307
- CICS: CICS TS 1.3
 - Integrated CICS translator requires CICS TS V2
- DB2: Version 6
 - Integrated SQL coprocessor requires DB2 Version 7
 - New SQL features and DB2 support require DB2 Version 8
- IMS: Version 6
- Pre-req for Java interoperability:
 - IBM Developer Kit for OS/390, Java 2 Technology Edition, SDK 1.3.0 or later
- Pre-req for Unicode and for Java interoperability:
 - OS/390 Support for Unicode (HUNI2A0)
 - ► Included in z/OS R2 and later



COBOL or Java? Both!

- New object-oriented COBOL syntax for Java interoperability
 - Enable COBOL and Java to be mixed within a single application
 - OO COBOL syntax mapped to Java Virtual Machine "under the covers"
 - Based on facilities of Java Native Interface (JNI)





- Define classes, with methods and data implemented in COBOL
- Create instances of Java and COBOL classes
- Invoke methods on Java and COBOL objects
- Classes can inherit from Java or COBOL classes
- Define and invoke overloaded methods
- Call Java Native Interface (JNI) services
- Code in COBOL classes can CALL existing procedural COBOL code
 - Write wrapper classes for existing procedural COBOL code, enabling it to be invoked from Java programs
- Java code can create instances of COBOL classes, invoke COBOL methods, extend COBOL classes





- There are three versions of Java for 390
 - High Performance Java (HPJ)
 - ► Java JDK 1.1.8
 - Java SDK 1.3.0 or later <- this is the COBOL pre-req</p>
- OO COBOL for Java interoperation works in any of the environments supported by Java SDK 1.3.0:
 - UNIX System Services, WebSphere, Batch using BPXBATCH
- Support for CICS and IMS will come later
- New capability complements existing COBOL: Java interoperation approaches:
 - Connector technologies
 - CICS TS V2 Java support





- New COBOL features that improve Java interoperability:
 - COBOL classes map to Java classes
 - Clearly defined list of compatible data types

Java	byte	short, int,	float	double	char	class types
		long				
COBOL	PIC X	BINARY	COMP-1			OBJECT REFERENCE

- Automatic conversion of IEEE float to HEX float for INVOKE parameters
- Unicode support in COBOL, plus CALLs to JNI services, enable interoperation with Java Strings
- Multithread support
 - Java runs in a multithread environment







- OO syntax updated from COBOL V2R2
 - Closer to the proposed 2002 ANSI Standard
 - Extensions specifically for Java support
- Classes and methods:
 - CLASS-ID, METHOD-ID
 - REPOSITORY paragraph
 - FACTORY, OBJECT
 - INVOKE
- No real migration path from old OO to new OO
 - Much overlapping language syntax, but...
 - Goals are different
 - Some existing OO COBOL code from previous compilers could be migrated to Enterprise COBOL, with application rework.





WebSphere Support

- You can now use the Java interoperability extensions to access Enterprise Java Beans (EJB) that run on a J2EE-compliant EJB server
 - WebSphere Application Server is J2EE-compliant
- Client COBOL would access the following programming interfaces using INVOKE:
 - Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI) to locate EJB services and components
 - Java ORB to invoke methods on enterprise beans
- WebSphere requires several of the V3R1 features:
 - Java-based OO and therefore
 - Unicode plus
 - Multithreading





Introduction to XML

What is XML?

- A markup language, for describing the semantics of data (rather than the presentation)
- Each piece of data is identified via the markup language
- Unlimited number of tags can be defined

Why XML?

- It is becoming the interconnection layer of e-business
- The industry direction for application integration and platform independent data interchange
 - ► e.g., for Web Services
- Allows sender and receiver to evolve independently of each other (flexible interface)
 - ► as opposed to Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) for example





Introduction to XML

Sample XML document:





XML on zSeries

IBM zSeries XML technology:

- IBM announced:
 - XML Toolkit for z/OS and OS/390 V1R2 on March 27, 2001
 - ► XML Toolkit for z/OS and OS/390 V1R3 on October 23, 2001
- These offerings include both:
 - ► XML Parser for z/OS and OS/390, Java Edition
 - ► XML Parser for z/OS and OS/390, C++ Edition
- http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/software/xml/
- Now introducing the COBOL High Speed XML parser!
 - Faster and simpler than XML toolkit parsers
 - ► COBOL parser does not validate XML documents
 - COBOL parser does not process DTDs, even if internal
 DTD = Document Type Definition
 - Tailored to integrate with COBOL programs





COBOL XML Parser support

- Works with any transport mechanism for XML documents
 - Use MQSeries, CICS transient queue or COMMAREA, IMS message processing queue, WebSphere, etc.
- XML Parser is part of the run-time library
 - Can be used from Enterprise COBOL or Enterprise PL/I
- Inbound XML documents only for V3R1 & V3R2
 - Outbound can use MOVE CORRESPONDING, STRING, group declarations, etc. to create XML documents
 - More XML tools and support are on the way from IBM!





COBOL XML Parser support

- Parses XML documents that are in memory, in a COBOL alphanumeric or national data item
- Used to parse XML documents into individual pieces
 - Passes each piece to user-written processing procedure
- During parsing you can populate COBOL data structures with the data from XML messages
 - Advantage: non-COBOL programs can communicate data to/from COBOL without having to know the COBOL data structure formats!





COBOL XML Parser support

- New XML PARSE statement
 - The COBOL interface to new XML parser
- New XML special registers
 - XML-CODE: communicates status of parsing
 - XML-EVENT: describes each event in parse
 - XML-TEXT: contains XML document fragments
 - XML-NTEXT: contains NATIONAL XML doc fragments

XML PARSE XMLDOCUMENT
PROCESSING PROCEDURE XMLEVENT-HANDLER
END-XML

• • •

XMLEVENT-HANDLER.

EVALUATE TRUE

WHEN XML-EVENT = 'START-OF-ELEMENT' AND

XML-TEXT = 'TRADE'

DISPLAY 'Processing new stock trade'

• • •





COBOL XML Generation support

New XML GENERATE statement

- Generates XML message from COBOL group data items
- 1 Employee1.
 - 2 Name pic X(5) Value 'Tom'.
 - 2 Idn pic 9(9) comp Value 123456789.
 - 2 Addr.
 - 3 Street pic X(20) Value '555 Bailey Ave'.
 - 3 City pic X(20) Value 'San Jose'.
 - 3 State pic X(20) Value 'California'.
 - 2 More.
 - 3 Age pic +99.99 Value '45.9'.
 - 3 Firm pic BBXXX9B Value 'IBM4'.
 - 3 Salary COMP-2 Value +.00012327E+06.
- 1 XMLDOCUMENT pic X(500).

Procedure division.

XML GENERATE XMLDOCUMENT FROM EMPLOYEE1





COBOL XML Generation support

- Output from sample XML GENERATE statement
 - Using program 'PRETTY' from sample
 - ► Complete samples in Application Programming Guide

```
<Employee1>
  <Name>Tom</Name>
  <Idn>123456789</Idn>
  <Addr>
    <Street>555 Bailey Ave</Street>
    <City>San Jose</City>
    <State>California</State>
  </Addr>
  <More>
    <Age>45.9</Age>
    <Firm>IBM4</Firm>
    <Salary>1.23270000000000000E+02</Salary>
  </More>
</Employee1>
```

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Support for Unicode

What is Unicode?

- Unicode provides a unique number for every character, no matter what the platform, no matter what the program, no matter what the language
 - Without Unicode you get many different code pages, reusing the same numbers for different characters
- It enables you to handle text in any language efficiently
- It allows a single application executable to work for a global audience
- In Enterprise COBOL, Unicode is represented via multi-byte characters
- Supports almost all characters for almost every country







Why Unicode?

- Internationalization
- Java Interoperability

Internationalization

- COBOL programs can turn out reports for any country
- User interface/dialog/messages can be in any national language, with any characters



- Unicode conversion services required for Unicode support and for Java interoperability
 - Product "OS/390 Support for Unicode" (HUNI2A0), a base element of OS/390 and z/OS, provides conversion services
 - ► For OS/390, delivered via Web site http://www.ibm.com/downloads
 - Choose 'Software Downloads: Operating systems', then OS/390
 - ► Built in to base operating system, with z/OS R2 or later
 - Unicode conversion services must be configured
 - Enable conversions between pairwise combinations of:
 - ► Codepage(s) used for the COBOL CODEPAGE compiler option (default is CCSID 1140) or new intrinsic functions,
 - ► CCSID 1200, and
 - ► CCSID 1208







National data type

- PIC N USAGE NATIONAL for data items
- N-literals: N'This is NATIONAL data'

CODEPAGE(nnnnn) compiler option

- Specifies the code page CCSID used for:
 - Alphanumeric and DBCS data items at run time
 - Alphanumeric, National, and DBCS literals in the source program
 - Default code page for parsing XML documents

National data in statements

- MOVE X TO national-item
- Relation conditions
- INITIALIZE, INSPECT, SEARCH, UNSTRING, etc.





- Implicit conversions performed as needed
 - MOVE numeric-item TO national-item
 - IF alphanumeric-item = national-item ...
- New intrinsic functions for explicit conversion
 - DISPLAY-OF
 - ► Convert from USAGE NATIONAL to USAGE DISPLAY
 - NATIONAL-OF
 - ► Convert from USAGE DISPLAY to USAGE NATIONAL
 - Allow explicit CCSID specification
 - Can be nested, to support conversion of "any code page" to "any code page"





Example: convert EBCDIC to ASCII

```
77 EBCDIC-CCSID PIC 9(4) BINARY VALUE 1140.
77 ASCII-CCSID PIC 9(4) BINARY VALUE 819.
77 Input-EBCDIC PIC X(80).
77 Temp-National PIC N(80) NATIONAL.
77 ASCII-Output PIC X(80).

Convert EBCDIC to NATIONAL
```

- * Convert EBCDIC to NATIONAL

 Move Function

 National-of (Input-EBCDIC, EBCDIC-CCSID)

 to Temp-National
- * Convert NATIONAL to ASCII

 Move Function

 Display-of (Temp-National, ASCII-CCSID)

 to ASCII-output





Example: convert EBCDIC to ASCII (simplified?)

```
77 EBCDIC-CCSID PIC 9(4) BINARY VALUE 1140.
77 ASCII-CCSID PIC 9(4) BINARY VALUE 819.
77 Input-EBCDIC PIC X(80).
77 ASCII-Output PIC X(80).
Convert EBCDIC to ASCII
 Move Function
        Display-of
          ( Function National-of
             (Input-EBCDIC EBCDIC-CCSID),
            ASCII-CCSID
    to ASCII-output
```





Multithread Support

What is multithreading?

How does it relate to 'COBOL multitasking'?

Multitasking:

- Multiple tasks running in the same address space sharing the same run-time library for programs compiled RES
- Sharing process resources
- One enclave per task/process
- One thread per enclave
- Supported for COBOL in 1991: COBOL/370 R1

Multithreading:

- Multiple threads running in the same enclave
- Sharing enclave resources
- Supported for COBOL in 21st century: Enterprise COBOL







Multithreading is required for:

- COBOL programs called from multithreaded C programs
- COBOL programs called from PL/I tasks
- Java interoperation
- Multithreaded application servers

THREAD compiler option

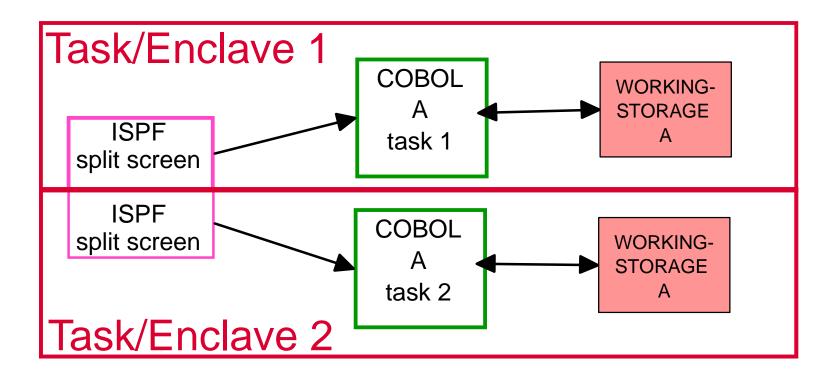
- Required for multithreading with COBOL
- COBOL specific library is now thread safe
- Multiple thread invocations of a program share:
 - WORKING-STORAGE, record areas, buffer areas
- Multiple thread invocations of a program have separate copies of:
 - LOCAL-STORAGE
- Thread-safe I/O statements
 - Use READ INTO Local-item and WRITE FROM Local-item





Multithread Support

Example of 'multitasking' COBOL:

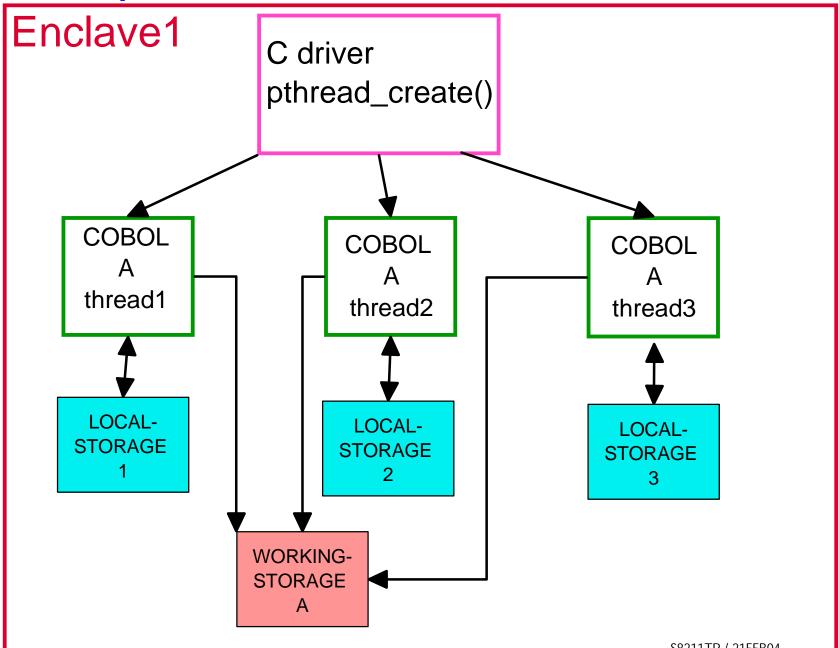






Multithread Support

Example of multithread COBOL:







Integrated CICS Translator

- Analogous to integrated SQL coprocessor shipped with IBM COBOL V2R2 and DB2 V7
- Enabled using CICS compiler option
- EXEC CICS statements in copybook members
 - also EXEC DLI
- Debug at EXEC CICS source level
- Requires CICS TS Version 2
- Can now have EXEC CICS and EXEC SQL together
 - One compile step! No preprocessors!
 - EXEC CICS and EXEC SQL in copybook members





Miscellaneous Enhancements

- Large Value clause literals for BINARY items
 - For TRUNC(BIN) or COMP-5
 - 77 BIN1 PIC S(4) COMP-5 VALUE 32767.
 - Picture clause cannot have P (scaled)
- FUNCTION-POINTER datatype
 - Same usage as PROCEDURE-POINTERS
 - Same length as C/C++ function pointers
 - Improved interoperability with C structures
- ADDRESS OF WORKING-STORAGE for CALL arguments:
 - CALL SUB USING BY VALUE ADDRESS OF WS-ITEM
 - Recommended technique for calling C functions with pointer arguments







Migration

- Enterprise COBOL is 1985 Standard only
 - CMPR2 option has been removed
 - You can use CCCA to easily convert
- New reserved words:
 - JNIENVPTR, NATIONAL, XML, END-XML, XML-EVENT, XML-CODE, XML-TEXT, XML-NTEXT, FUNCTION-POINTER
- Java-based OO only
 - SOM-based OO COBOL has been removed
 - IDLGEN and TYPECHK options removed
 - SOM was removed from z/OS V1R2
- OS/390 V2R10 or later only
 - OS/390 2.9 is out of service anyway now
- New default options:
 - DBCS FLAG(I,I) RENT XREF
- WORD(NOOO) no longer available



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Scenario for Putting it all Together

Scenario:

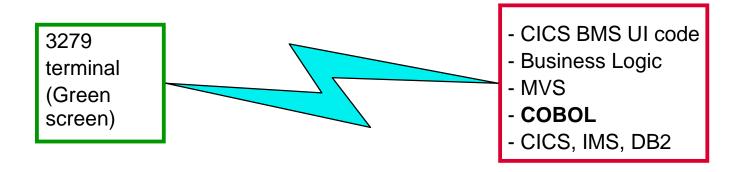
- Insurance company with field offices connected to main office via mainframe network
- Change to WEB interface, still have COBOL server code, but have Java business logic in middle tier
- Want to consolidate servers, use COBOL strengths
- Also want to expand business to other countries, need to address global marketplace





Scenario for Putting it all Together

Existing mainframe-based solution for insurance company field office:







Scenario for Putting it all Together

'Traditional' 3-tiered distributed application ... circa 1998:



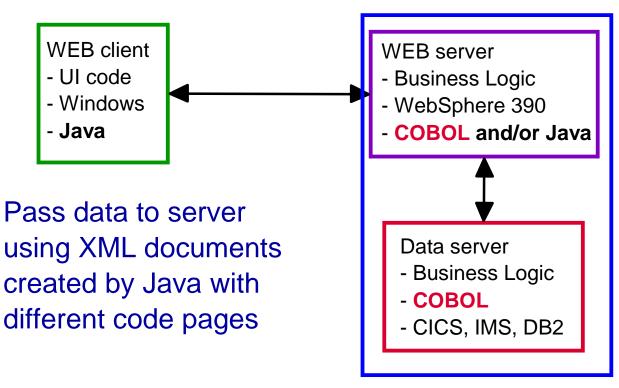
WEB client allowed flexibility, but middle tier added system complexity and difficult access to host COBOL assets





Scenario for Putting it all Together

Modern 3-tier distributed application ... circa 2002:



Convert XML to COBOL data structures, EBCDIC output

Process traditional data structures in EBCDIC

zSeries eServer (S/390 mainframe)





Enterprise COBOL

- COBOL publications in .pdf format:
 - www.ibm.com/software/awdtools/cobol/zos/library/
 - Includes updated Performance Tuning Paper
- COBOL publications in bookmanager format
 - www.ibm.com/servers/s390/os390/bkserv/





What's newer? 2002 Release

- Enterprise COBOL for z/OS and OS/390 V3R2
 - Available September 27, 2002
 - Enhanced debugging information for new features of Debug Tool V3R1
 - Optimization of OO syntax for Java interoperability
 - Parameterized initialization of the JVM
 - Support for object arrays as method arguments
 - Support for COBOL class def. with a main method
 - Enhanced support for Unicode in DB2 COBOL apps
 - Execution of OO COBOL from batch JCL
 - Support for COBOL-Java interoperability in IMS
 - ► Requires IMS Version 8 (or V7 w/APARS PQ53944 & PQ54039





What's newest? 2004 Release

- Enterprise COBOL Version 3 Release 3
 - Available February 27, 2004
 - Enhanced XML capabilities, for generation of outbound XML from a COBOL data structure
 - Support for new functions in Debug Tool for z/OS, Version 4
 - Support for DB2 for z/OS Version 8
 - Unicode features
 - SQL coprocessor upgrade for new Version 8 SQL
 - ► Multiple-Row Fetch
 - Multiple-row INSERT
 - Longer names for SQL identifiers, table names, and column names
 - ► And more! See DB2 V8 documentation for details





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Enterprise COBOL for z/OS

Debug Tool Version 4 Release 1

- Included with Full Function Enterprise COBOL V3R3
- Debug programs compile without hooks and OPTIMIZEd

 TENTIME OVAN OPTIMIZE
 - ► TEST(NONE,SYM) OPTIMIZE
- Playback mode (step backwards)
- Automatic monitoring of variables referenced in statements
- Can have debug information separate or in module
 - ► TEST(NONE,SYM,SEPARATE)
- Support for debugging OS/VS COBOL source programs (CMPR2 source programs also)
- Measure the code coverage of your test cases
- ISPF interface to do program preparation, manage default settings and set up files
- For COBOL:
 - Source-level debug for EXEC SQL
 - ► Source-level debug for EXEC CICS, EXEC DLI
 - ► XML PARSE and GENERATE statements
 - Multithreaded applications (basic level support)
 - All existing IBM COBOL language features
 - ► OO COBOL and Unicode support