IBM Security zSecure

Documentation updates: IBM Multi-Factor Authentication for z/OS



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Chapter 1. IBM® Security zSecure Admin and Audit for RACF User Reference Manual

This chapter lists the documentation updates for the $zSecure^{TM}$ Admin and Audit for RACF User Reference Manual as a result of the IBM Multi-Factor Authentication for z/OS (MFA) Service Stream Enhancement (SSE):

- Chapter 2. RACF Administration Guide, section "User profile tabular display"
- Chapter 2. RACF Administration Guide, section "User profile detail display"
- Chapter 2. RACF Administration Guide, section "Additional selection Other fields"
- Chapter 3. RACF Audit Guide, section "SETROPTS RACF settings report"
- Chapter 7. SMF and HTTP Reporting (Events menu), section "Advanced selection criteria: User actions"
- Chapter 10. RACF Access Monitor, section "Specify selection criteria"

RACF Administration Guide: User profile tabular display

The following panels and the column descriptions are changed:

- "User profile display"
- "User profile display (second screen)"

zSecure Admin USER overview Lin									L of	f 4		
Command ===>	>						Sc	croll=	===>	> C:	SR	
Users like (C##QA0*				5	Sep 2000	14:18	3				
User	Complex	Name	e		DfltGrp	0wner	RIRP	SOAR	gC	CX	MF	
C##QA001	DINO	QA S	SUBJECT	001	C##QA	C##QA				Χ	М	
C##QA002	DINO	QA S	SUBJECT	DUAL AUTH	C##QA	C##QA			g	Χ		
C##QA003	DINO	QA S	SUBJECT	003	C##QA	C##QA				Χ	MF	
C##QA004	DINO	QA S	SUBJECT	004	C##QA	C##QA	RI			Χ	М	
******	******	****	*****	BOTTOM OF	DATA ***	******	****	****	***	***	****	

Figure 1. User profile display

Table 1. User profile tabular display - Column descriptions

Column name	Description
User	RACF [®] user profile name (user ID).
Complex	Name for the RACF security database containing this profile.
Name	Programmer name field of RACF profile. Users can change their own programmer name field.
DfltGrp	Default group for the user. Users can change their own default group. The user can only change the default group to a group that is already connected.
Owner	The owning user or group for the user profile.
RIRP	Indicates the user status:
	R revoked.
	I due to be revoked through inactivity,
	R restricted, which means that access through the UACC, global, and ID(*) are not honored.
	P protected, which means that user ID cannot be used to logon.

Table 1. User profile tabular display - Column descriptions (continued)

Column name	Description
SOAR	Indicates the user attributes: Special, Operations, Auditor, or ROAudit.
gC	The g column indicates that the user is connected to at least one group with the Special, Operations, or Auditor attribute. The C column indicates that the user has at least one class authorization.
CX	C indicates a user certificate. X indicates an expired password.
MF	The M column indicates that effective Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) information is present for this userid. That is, the userid has an active MFA factor and it is not a PROTECTED userid. The F column indicates that fallback to a password or a passphrase is allowed if the MFA server is unavailable.

		zSecure A	dmin USER (overvie	W		Liı	ne 1	of 4
ommand ===:	>					Scro	11===	> CS	2
ike C##QA0	*				12 Sep 2	2009 14:18			
User	Grp	LastCon	LastUse	time	LastPwd	LastPhrChg	PwInt	Eff	LogD
C##QA001	2	09Sep2009	09Sep2009	03:45	04Aug2009	_	90	90	SMTW
C##QA002	2	10Sep2009	10Sep2009	03:09	04Aug2009		90	90	SMTW
C##QA003	1	29Mar1997	29Mar1997	10:15	29Mar1997		30	30	SMTW
C##QA004	1	13Jun2008	13Jun2008	06:16	24Apr2008		90	90	SMTW

Figure 2. User profile display (second screen)

Table 2. User profile tabular display - Column descriptions (scroll right)

Column name	Description
Grp	Number of groups that the user is connected to.
LastCon	Last logon date (with any of the current connect groups).
LastUse	Last logon or update date.
time	Last logon or update time.
LastPwd	Last password change. Empty means never.
LastPhrChg	Last password phrase change. Empty means never.
PwInt	Password interval in days.
Eff	Effective password interval in days. This value combines the PwInt column with the system-wide password interval setting.
LogDays	Days that logon is permitted.

RACF Administration Guide: User profile detail display

The "User profile display" panel was changed and the descriptions for Multi-Factor Authentication fields were added.

Secure Admin USER overview ommand ===>		Line 1 of 45 Scroll===> CSR	
ike C##QA0*		1 Mar 2016 14:18	
Identification of C##QA001 User name Installation data	QA SUBJECT	001	
Owner	C##QA	Q.A. TESTSUBJ	ECTS
User's default group	C##QA	Q.A. TESTSUBJ	
Group Auth R SOA AG Uac C##QA CONNECT NON C##CXCNG USE NON	c Revoked E E	Resumedt InstData Q.A. TESTSUBJECTS TEST GROUP DOR CNG	R
System access	9	Statistics	
Revoked (may be by date)	No_ (reation date 18Jul96 .ast RACINIT current connects 20J Jser's last use date 20J	
Inactive, revoked or pending	No L	ast RACINIT current connects 20J	u100
Days of week user can logon	SMTWTFS (Jser's last use date 20J	u100
Time of day user can logon		Jser's last use time 18:	51
Date user will be revoked Date user will be resumed		_ (ddmmmyyyy or NOREVOKE) _ (ddmmmyyyy or NORESUME)	
Password			
Has a password		Password phrase Has a password phrase	
Expired password		Expired password phrase No_	
Password changed date		Password phrase change date	=
Password expiration date	11Jun16	Password phrase expiry date	
Old passwords present #	Δ (old pass phrases present # $\overline{2}$	
Failed password attempts #		las a passw. phrase envelope	
Password LEGACY encrypted	No_	Pass phrase LEGACY encrypted	_
Old passwords LEGACY enc. #	_2 (old pass phrase LEGACY enc. #	2
Password interval Password interval in effect	_90 90 N	Multi Factor Authentication	
Mixed case password		Any effective MFA factor Yes	
Has a password envelope		Fallback to pwd if MFA down No	
Password disabled PROTECTED		·	
Mandatory Access Control	ı	Privileges	
Security label		Security admin SPECIAL No	
Security level		DASD administrator OPERATIONS No	
Categories list	(Global audit set/list AUDITOR No	
		Global audit list ROAUDIT No	
Safaguands	(Class authority	
Safeguards Ignore UACC/Glob/* RESTRICTED	No		
Log all user actions UAUDIT			
MFA factor name Act MFAa			
FACTO1#MVB Yes 24Ma	r2016		
FACT02#MVB No		Tan walus	
MFA Factor Tag		Tag value Tag01	
FACT01#MVB TAG01MVB FACT01#MVB TAG02MVB		Tag value tag02	
FACTO2#MVB TAGO2MVB		Tag value tag02	
Linked node.user Type Stat DINO.C##QAWT Peer Sync	1998/6 Digital	ed (GMT) Approved (GMT) Crea 09/10 11:09 1998/09/10 11:26 C##C certificate names 60Zsecur.NL.CN=Root.OU=CryptoLab.	A001
Digital certificate labels Primary	or.Jones		
Digital certificate labels	or.Jones		
Digital certificate labels Primary Certificate filter label Identity mapping label		mapping filter	
Digital certificate labels Primary Certificate filter label	 Identity	/ mapping filter BBert,OU=Tools Development	

Figure 3. User profile detail display panel

```
zSecure Admin USER overview
                                                        Line 1 of 45
Command ===>
                                                          Scroll===> CSR
like C##QA0*
                                             1 Mar 2016 14:18
 UsrNm Flg UsrData
_ PHONE
         00 +31-15-2513333
 CKGRACF authority requirement
_ Authority setting DUAL set by C##BGUI at 18 Nov 1997 16:00
 Scheduled events
 Scheduled event: Schedule 'QA#UIT' disable \, 2 Sep 2001; set by C##QA1G at \, 2
Queued command (R): USER C##QA001 SCHEDULE HELPDESK ENABLE (01Mar2002:02Mar20
 Inactive commands
 Queued command (E): USER C##QA001 SCHEDULE HELPDESK DISABLE (30Aug2000:31Aug2
 Commands that have been executed
 Queued command (CA): USER C##QA001 SCHEDULE QA#UIT DISABLE (02Sep2000); reque
 Other CKGRACF data
 Default password set by C##BLU1 at 5 Nov 1998 09:37
_ Detault password Set by C##DLD1 at 3 NO. 1350 55.5.
```

Figure 4. User profile detail display panel (continued)

Multi-Factor Authentication fields

Field	Description
Any effective MFA factor	This shows whether effective Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) information is present for this userid. That is, the userid has an active MFA factor and it is not a PROTECTED userid.
Fallback to pwd if MFA down	This shows whether the user can logon with a password or passphrase if the MFA server is not available.
MFA factor name	This lists the MFA factors that are present in the USER profile.
Act MFAactive	This shows whether MFA factors are active and when they were activated.
MFA Factor Tag Tag value	This repeated combination field lists the MFA factors in the USER profile with their tags and the associated tag values, if any.

RACF Administration Guide: Additional selection - Other fields

The Advanced user selection panel and Advanced user selection criteria table were changed.

Menu	Options	Info	Commands	Setup
			zSecure Su	ite - RACF - User Selection
Command	===>			
	ke C##QA0*			
		selec	tion criter	ia:
Last log Last log Password Pass phr Creation	gon/update I changed rase change n date	·		(date: yyyy-mm-dd, ddMMMyyyy NEVER, DUMPDATE, DUMPDATE-nnn, DUMPDATE-INACTIVE, TODAY, TODAY-nnn, TODAY-INACTIVE)
•	selection - Mon	_	Tue _	Wed _ Thu _ Fri _ Sat
Password Schedule Complex	neous field interval ename	:	(so	perator+number or Y/N) / Effective only chedule name or filter) omplex name or filter) (factor name or filter)

Figure 5. Advanced user selection

Table 3. Advanced user selection criteria

Selection Criteria	Description
MFA factor name	This option allows selection on the name of a factor that is used in an MFA-enabled configuration (MFA: Multi-Factor Authentication). The use of a filter is allowed. Filters can include the following wildcards: % (one character), * (one or more characters), or : (search).

RACF Audit Guide: SETROPTS - RACF settings report

The "RACF system, ICHSECOP, and general SETROPTS settings" panel was changed.

RACF system, ICHSECOP, and ger Command ===>	neral SETI	-	ne 1 of 67 ===> CSR_
	timestamp 905 00:07		
General RACF properties Access Control active Force storage below 16M Check all connects GRPLIST Check genericowner for create ACCEDITION OF ACCEDITION CONTROL OF ACCEDITION CONTROL OF ACCEDITION CONTROL OF ACCEDITION CAPPLIANCE CA	Yes No Yes Yes No DINO No No No Pes 0 ENU HRF7707	Data set protection options Prevent duplicate datasets Protectall Automatic Dataset Protect Enhanced Generic Naming Prefix one-level dsns Prevent uncataloged dsns GDG modelling USER modelling GROUP modelling	No Yes/fail No Yes ONEQUAL_ No No No No No
AACF DB template level DASD data set protection /olume level permits DASDVOL Erase-on-scratch	0A03853 No A11	Terminal protection Terminal protection active Undefined terminal TERMUACC	Yes NONE
TAPE data set protection Tape dataset check TAPEDSN Tape volume protection active Protection duration RETPD	No Yes 00000	Program protection Program control WHEN(PROGRAM) Program control mode	Yes Basic
Auditing options Audit SPECIAL users Audit OPERATIONS users Audit USER profile changes Audit GROUP profile changes Audit SECLABELed resources Audit command violations Audit from security level Real datasetnames in SMF Dataset logoptions APPLAUDIT is active	Yes No Yes None	Mandatory Access Control optic Require SECLABEL MLACTIVE Prevent declassify MLS Stabilize labels MLSTABLE Label maintenance MLQUIET NO SECLABEL tolerate COMPAT Special required SECL.CONTROL Req. labels UNIX fs MLFSOBJ Req. labels IPC obj MLIPCOBJ Name hiding active MLNAMES Labels by system SECLBYSYSTEM	No No No No
Identification/Authentication Remember dates INITSTATS Prevent logon if unused days Revoke after password attempt Old passwords forbidden Password change wait days Password change interval Password change warning day Mixed case passwords allowed Special passwrd chars allowed RACF password algorithm Key change required day MFA support available	Yes	Job Entry Subsystem options Batch userid req BATCHALLRACF Monitor userid req XBMALLRACF Call router exit EARLYVERIFY Default uid remote NJEUSERID Default uid local UNDEFINEDU JOBCLASS/SUBMITTER access ctl JOBCLASS/OWNER access ctl RVARY passswords RVARY SWITCH password set RVARY STATUS password set	No No ????????

Figure 6. RACF system, ICHSECOP, and general SETROPTS settings

```
Line 1 of 67
RACF system, ICHSECOP, and general SETROPTS settings
                                                     Scroll===> CSR_
  Complex System Collect timestamp
  DINO
         DINO 23 Mar 2005 00:07
Password rules
Password rule 1
                       LLLLL*** LENGTH(5:8)
Password rule 2
Password rule 3
Password rule 4
Password rule 5
                         L*C*CN** LENGTH(6:8)
Password rule 6
Password rule 7
Password rule 8
Legend: $-national A-alpha c-mixed cons. C-consonant L-alphanum
     m-mixed num N-numeric s-special v-mixed vowel V-vowel
                                                         W-novowel
     x-mixed all *-anything
Generic Anchor settings
Generic anchors system count
Jobname Count
TESTJ0B*
```

Figure 7. RACF system, ICHSECOP, and general SETROPTS settings (continued)

SMF and HTTP Reporting (Events menu): Advanced selection criteria: User actions

The "Events - User Action Selection" panel and field explanations were changed.

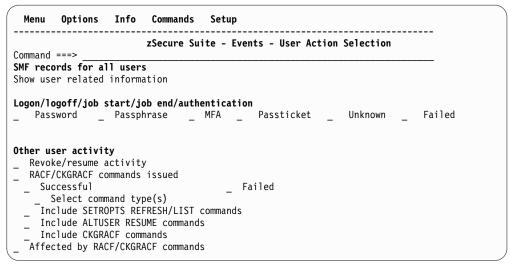


Figure 8. Events - User Action Selection panel

Select at least one authentication method to see records for successful authentication events using the selected method. **Unknown** includes job start/job end. Selecting **Failed** will list all failed authentication events.

RACF Access Monitor: Specify selection criteria

The "Further selection criteria for ID Verify reports" panel was changed.

```
zSecure Suite - Access - Further selection
Command ===>
All access monitor records
Specify further selection criteria:
Application name . . . _____ (application name or EGN mask)
Jobname . . . . . . . . (jobname or EGN mask)
Port Of Entry class . . . . (class or EGN mask)
                                     (jobname or EGN mask)
Port Of Entry . . . . .
                                       ____ (POE or EGN mask)
Select authentication method
                                              Other flags (Y/N/blank)
                                              _ Priv/Trust assigned
_ Started
                                              Password changed
Passphrase changed
Passticket replay
   Password
   Passphrase
  Passticket  
                                              _ Undefined user
  None
                                              Group-only verify
   MultiFactor
  Omitted
User attributes(Y/N/blank)
                                              _ User has operations attribute
  User has special attribute
```

Chapter 2. IBM Security zSecure CARLa Command Reference

This chapter lists the documentation updates for Chapter 2. SELECT/LIST Fields in the *zSecure CARLa Command Reference* as a result of the IBM Multi-Factor Authentication for z/OS (MFA) Service Stream Enhancement (SSE):

• ACCESS: Access Monitor records

RACF: RACF profilesSMF: SMF records

• SYSTEM: System-wide options

ACCESS: Access Monitor records

The REQ VERIFY METHOD field description was changed:

REQ_VERIFY_METHOD

This field shows what method was used to authenticate the user. Possible values for this field are: Omitted, None, Password, Passphrase, Passticket, Started, and MultiFactor. For many verify events, the identity of an existing user is propagated to a new environment. Examples are batch jobs and commands issued through SDSF. In those situations, the REQ_VERIFY_METHOD field shows the value None. The width of the field is 12 characters.

RACF: RACF profiles

The following field descriptions were added:

ANY_MFA_EFFECTIVE

Variable defined in C2RXDEF1 that is true for a userid that can use at least one Multi-Factor Authentication factor. That is to say, an active factor is available and the userid is not PROTECTED. By default, this value is shown as **M** when true and blank otherwise.

FACACDT

This field is found in USER profiles. It contains information about the date when the associated factor for Multi-Factor Authentication was made active. The preferred interface to this database field is the FACTOR_DATE field.

FACTAGS

This field is found in USER profiles. It shows a combination of data pertaining to Multi-Factor Authentication: all tags associated with a factor, and the values of those tags. The preferred interface to this database field is the MFA_FACTOR_TAG_VALUE combination field.

FACTOR

This field is found in USER profiles. It lists the factors that are defined for this user for use in Multi-Factor Authentication. The preferred interface to this database field is the FACTOR_NAME field, because that field also takes into account whether MFA applies to the userid.

FACTOR_ACTIVE

This flag field is found in USER profiles. It indicates whether the associated factor for Multi-Factor Authentication is active.

FACTOR_DATE

This field is found in USER profiles. It shows the date when the associated factor for Multi-Factor Authentication was made active. It blanks or remains blank if the factor is not active.

FACTOR NAME

This field is found in USER profiles. It lists the factors that are to be used for this user in Multi-Factor Authentication.

FACTORN

This field is found in USER profiles. It represents the number of factors defined for this user for use in Multi-Factor Authentication.

MFA_FACTOR_TAG_VALUE

This field is found in USER profiles. It shows a combination of data pertaining to Multi-Factor Authentication: the name of the factor, the name of a tag associated with that factor, and the value of that tag.

MFA_FALLBACK

This flag field is found in USER profiles. It indicates whether the user is allowed to authenticate using only a password or password phrase when trying to enter the system at a moment when the Multi-Factor Authentication server cannot be reached.

MFA TAG FACTOR

This field is found in USER profiles. It lists the factors that are defined for this user for use in Multi-Factor Authentication. This field is intended for SELECT/EXCLUDE processing. Otherwise, the preferred interface to this field is the MFA_FACTOR_TAG_VALUE combination field.

MFA TAG NAME

This field is found in USER profiles. It lists the tags associated with the factors that are defined for this user for use in Multi-Factor Authentication. This field is intended for SELECT/EXCLUDE processing. Otherwise, the preferred interface to this field is the MFA_FACTOR_TAG_VALUE combination field.

MFA TAG VALUE

This field is found in USER profiles. It lists the tag values associated with the factors that are defined for this user for use in Multi-Factor Authentication. This field is intended for SELECT/EXCLUDE processing. Otherwise, the preferred interface to this field is the MFA_FACTOR_TAG_VALUE combination field.

MFAFLBK

This field is found in USER profiles. It contains information about whether the user is allowed to authenticate using only a password or password phrase when trying to enter the system at a moment when the Multi-Factor Authentication server cannot be reached. The preferred interface to this database field is the MFA FALLBACK field.

MFDATA

This field is found in GENERAL profiles in the MFADEF class and is part of the MFA segment. It contains the data that the MFA server has put there.

NOMFA

This field can only be used for SELECT/EXCLUDE processing. It selects non-MFA segments.

SMF: SMF records

This section lists the documentation updates for NEWLIST TYPE=SMF.

Field descriptions

The following field descriptions are changed or added:

AUTHENTICATOR_USED

This field describes the authenticator that was used for a successful authentication. It is only found in RACF processing and R_auditx records (SMF record types 80 and 83) pertaining to a RACINIT event (subtype 1) with an event qualifier 40 (Successful multi-factor authentication).

Although technically a repeated field, it is expected to show a single authenticator at most.

The AUTHENTICATOR_USED field can have the following values:

Table 4. SMF record AUTHENTICATOR_USED field values

Value	Description
Password	Password Successful
Passphrase	Password Phrase Successful
Passticket	Passticket Successful
MultiFactor	Multi-factor authentication Successful

COMPCODE, COMPLETION CODE

This field describes a job or step completion code. It is available in some SMF type 80 and 83 records as well as in SMF record types 4, 5, and 30. It can describe a return code (on successful completion), one or two reason codes, a system abend code possibly followed by an abend reason code, or a user abend code.

When a COMPCODE field value does not fit in a column, asterisks are shown instead of truncated decimal or hexadecimal codes. COMPCODE selections still pertain to the original field value, which should not contain any asterisks.

The COMPCODE field can have the following layouts:

Table 5. MF record COMPCODE field - values for output processing

Value	Description
RCn	Reason code or job/step completion code (decimal)
RCm-n	Reason codes (decimal)
Sccc	System ABEND code (hexadecimal)
Sccc-cc	System ABEND code and reason code (hexadecimal)
Ucccc	User ABEND code (decimal)

EVENT

The following rows were added to the Event 1: Qualifier codes and descriptions table:

Table 6. Event 1: Qualifier codes and descriptions

Qualifier	Meaning
39	No RACF user id found for distributed identity
40	Successful Multi-Factor Authentication

Table 6. Event 1: Qualifier codes and descriptions (continued)

Qualifier	Meaning
41	Failed Multi-Factor Authentication
42	Multi-Factor Authentication unavailable
43	Multi-Factor Authentication partially succeeded

RACF AUTH INFO

This field describes the Multi-Factor Authentication information flags found in some SMF type 80 and 83 records pertaining to RACINIT events.

Because many flags can be set at the same time, the default output of this bitfield is in a condensed format; full output split into several lines can be requested using the EXPLODE output modifier and an overriding length of 30; for example, RACF_AUTH_INFO(EXPLODE,30). The following table lists sample RACF_AUTH_INFO bitmask values that can be used for SELECT/EXCLUDE processing, the condensed output, the exploded output, and the meaning.

Table 7. RACF_AUTH_INFO values

Select/ Exclude	Condensed	Exploded	Meaning
'1'	V	Authenticated from VLF	Authenticated from VLF
'.1'	.A	User has active MFA factor	User has active MFA factor(s)
'1'	F	MFA fallback allowed	MFA user allowed to fall back when no MFA decision can be made
'1	N	No MFA decision	No MFA decision for MFA user
'1'	X	MFA requests pw-expired RC	MFA requested that RACROUTE REQUEST=VERIFY return the password-expired return code
'1'	I.	MFA requests new-pw-invalid RC	MFA requested that RACROUTE REQUEST=VERIFY return the new-password-invalid return code
'1.'	Р	MFA partially successful	MFA only partially succeeded

RACF_AUTH_USED

This field describes the Multi-Factor Authentication flags that show which authenticators were used. The flags are found in some SMF type 80 and 83 records pertaining to RACINIT events.

Because many flags can be set at the same time, the default output of this bitfield is in a condensed format; full output split into several lines can be requested using the EXPLODE output modifier and an overriding length of 21, RACF_AUTH_USED(EXPLODE,21) for example. The following table lists sample RACF_AUTH_USED bitmask values that can be used for SELECT/EXCLUDE processing, the condensed output, the exploded output, and the meaning.

Table 8. RACF_AUTH_USED values

Select/ Exclude	Condensed	Exploded	Meaning	
'1'	E	Password evaluated	Password evaluated	
'.1'	.S	Password successful	Password authentication successful	
'1'	E	Phrase evaluated	Password phrase evaluated	
'1	S	Phrase successful	Password phrase authentication successful	
'1'	E	Passticket evaluated	Passticket evaluated	
'1'	S	Passticket successful	Passticket authentication successful	
'1.'	S.	MFA successful	Multi-factor authentication successful	
'1'	U	MFA unsuccessful	Multi-factor authentication unsuccessful	

Fields found in RACF processing records

The following rows are changed or added to the SMF RACF processing records field descriptions table:

Table 9. SMF RACF processing records - field descriptions

Field name	Meaning	Event types
AUTHENTICATOR_USED	Authenticator used in successful authentication	RACINIT
COMPCODE	Job or step completion code	RACINIT
RACF_AUTH_INFO	MFA authentication information	RACINIT
RACF_AUTH_USED	Authentication method used	RACINIT

SYSTEM: System-wide options

The MFA_AVAILABLE field description was added:

MFA_AVAILABLE

This flag field indicates whether or not Multi-Factor Authentication support is available. For ACF2 and Top Secret systems, this flag field returns missing.

Chapter 3. IBM Security zSecure Command Verifier User Guide

This chapter lists the documentation updates for the *zSecure Command Verifier User Guide* as a result of the IBM Multi-Factor Authentication for z/OS (MFA) Service Stream Enhancement (SSE):

- Chapter 4. Auditing commands and policy effects:
 - "Structure of =CMDAUD policy profile"
 - "Format of the Command Audit Trail data display"
- Chapter 5. Policy profiles:
 - "Controlled temporary system-level attributes"
 - New: ""Profiles to manage Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) data" on page 16"
 - "Profiles that manage non-base segments": title was changed to "Profiles for controlling management of non-base segments"
 - "Scoping rules to manage segments"
 - New: ""USER MFA data management functions" on page 18"

Structure of =CMDAUD policy profile

For data-type, the description for value =SEGMENT was changed.

=SEGMENT

Information about adding, changing, and deleting segments.

Although technically, the MFA data in the USER profile is not kept in a separate segment, modifications to the MFA data are recorded based on the =SEGMENT policy for the Command Audit Trail.

Format of the Command Audit Trail data display

The description of the Segments section was changed.

· The Segments section

The Segments section contains the information about the last change to non-base segments. The first line starts with the word Segment:, followed by an abbreviated name for the segment. The remainder of the line contains information about the type of change, like add, change, delete, when the change was made, and which user ran the command. It also contains the highest non-zero return code from the pre-, RACF, and post-command. For modifications to existing segments, only the last change is shown.

Collection is controlled by the policy profile

C4R.class=CMDAUD.=SEGMENT.profile-identification

A separate block (add, change, delete) is shown for each segment that was modified. The following segments and pseudo-segment are currently supported.

USER CICS®, DFP, LANGUAGE, NETVIEW, OMVS, OPERPARM, TSO, WORKATTR, OVM, DCE, NDS, LNOTES, KERB, PROXY, EIM, CSDATA, MFA

GROUP

DFP, OMVS, OVM, TME, CSDATA

DATASET

DFP, TME

General Resource

SESSION, DLFDATA, SSIGNON, STDATA, SVFMR, TME, KERB, PROXY, EIM, CDTINFO, ICTX, CFDEF, ICSF, SIGVER, MFA

Controlled temporary system-level attributes

A policy profile was added to the figure with policy profiles used to determine whether Controlled Temporary system-level attributes can be assigned: C4R.USER.MFA.

Profiles to manage Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) data

RACF implemented support for Multi-Factor Authentication through new function APARs OA48359 and OA48650. The required data can be added to USER profiles and to general resource profiles in the MFADEF resource class.

In the USER profiles, the relevant data is kept in several MFA-related fields in the BASE segment. In the MFADEF resource class, the data is kept in the MFA segment. Although technically, the MFA data in the USER profile is not kept in a separate segment, zSecure Command Verifier handles the information as if an independent segment is being used. That means that policy profiles and the existing policy profiles for existing segments are used similarly. The following policy profiles are used to control management of MFA data in the USER profile:

Table 10. Po	olicy profiles to	control management	of MFA data in the	USER profile

Keyword	Value	Profile
(NO)MFA	n/a	C4R.USER.MFA
		C4R.USER.MFA.=RACUID
		C4R.USER.MFA./SCOPE
(NO)PWFALLBACK	n/a	C4R.USER.MFA.PWFALLBACK.owner.userid
(DEL)FACTOR	factor-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.ID.factor-name.owner.userid
(NO)ACTIVE	factor-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.ACTIVE.factor-name
TAG	factor-name tag-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.TAG.factor-name.tag-name
DELTAG	factor-name tag-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.TAG.factor-name.tag-name
NOTAGS	n/a	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.TAG.factor-name.+

For more information about these profiles, see Profiles for controlling management of non-base segments and "USER MFA data management functions" on page 18.

The MFA information for the profiles in the MFADEF general resource class is kept in the MFA segment. The contents of this MFA segment cannot be controlled using RACF commands. The only function that is provided is adding or removing the MFA segment in these profiles. The following policy profiles are used to control management of the MFA segment of profiles in the MFADEF general resource class:

Table 11. Policy profiles used to control management of MFA segment of profiles in MFADEF general resource class

Keyword	Value	Profile	
(NO)MFA	n/a	C4R.MFADEF.MFA	
		C4R.MFADEF.MFA./SCOPE	

For more information about these profiles, see Profiles for controlling management of non-base segments.

Profiles for controlling management of non-base segments

The introduction of this section was changed:

RACF allows management of information in non-base segments, such as, the OMVS and TSO segments to all System-SPECIAL users and to all users with sufficient access to profiles in the FIELD class. The latter method is often referred to by the term Field Level Access Checking. In some situations, it might be desirable to restrict management of these types of segments even further. Although MFA data in the USER profile is technically not in a separate segment, zSecure Command Verifier handles the information as if it is contained in a segment. In the remainder of this section, the variable segment also applies to the MFA data in the USER profile. To allow control over the non-base segment, zSecure Command Verifier implements three types of profiles.

The values that are supported for the qualifier segment in the preceding profiles were changed:

USER CICS, DFP, LANGUAGE, NETVIEV, OMVS, OPERPARM, TSO, WORKATTR, OVM, DCE, NDS, LNOTES, KERB, PROXY, EIM, CSDATA,

GROUP

DFP, OMVS, OVM, TME, CSDATA

DATASET

DFP, TME

General Resource

SESSION, DLFDATA, SSIGNON, STDATA, SVFMR, TME, KERB, PROXY, EIM, CDTINFO, ICTX, CFDEF, ICSF, SIGVER, MFA

Scoping rules to manage segments

The following information was added:

Although technically, the MFA data in the USER profile is not kept in a separate segment, zSecure Command Verifier handles the MFA data in the USER profile as if it is contained in a segment. The /SCOPE policy profiles as described in this section can be used to limit management of MFA data in USER profiles to users with group-SPECIAL or system-SPECIAL. Access to profiles in the FIELD class is not required.

USER MFA data management functions

RACF implemented support for Multi-Factor Authentication through new function APARs OA48359 and OA48650. Part of the required data must be added to USER profiles.

In the USER profiles, the relevant data is kept in several MFA-related fields in the BASE segment. The following policy profiles are used to control management of MFA-specific fields in the USER profile:

Table 12. Policy profiles to control management of MFA-specific fields in the USER profile

Keyword	Value	Profile
(NO)PWFALLBACK	n/a	C4R.USER.MFA.PWFALLBACK.owner.userid
(DEL)FACTOR	factor-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.ID.factor-name.owner.userid
(NO)ACTIVE	factor-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.ACTIVE.factor-name
TAG	factor-name tag-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.TAG.factor-name.tag-name
DELTAG	factor-name tag-name	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.TAG.factor-name.tag-name
NOTAGS	n/a	C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.TAG.factor-name.+

The profiles in the preceding table describe the policies that can be used to verify the keywords and values as entered by the terminal user. The following list shows detail information about these policies and the supported access levels.

• C4R.USER.MFA.PWFALLBACK.owner.userid

This profile describes the authorization to set the PWFALLBACK attribute for the user. The PWFALLBACK attribute is used during logon if the MFA server is not available or is unable to determine the validity of an active factor. The following access levels are used:

No profile found

This control is not implemented. Only RACF authorization is used to control setting the PWFALLBACK or NOPWFALLBACK attribute.

NONE

The terminal user is not authorized to assign either PWFALLBACK or NOPWFALLBACK. The command is failed.

READ The terminal user is authorized to assign NOPWFALLBACK. This is the default value on the ALTUSER command

UPDATE

The terminal user is authorized to assign PWFALLBACK and NOPWFALLBACK.

CONTROL

Same as UPDATE.

C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.ID.factor-name.owner.userid

This profile describes the authorization to add an MFA factor for a user, to modify options for the specified MFA factor, or to remove an MFA factor. The keywords to set the ACTIVE status, or to modify the list of TAGs, apply to the specified factor. The following access levels are used:

No profile found

This control is not implemented. Only RACF authorization is used to control adding, modifying, or removing the specified factor factor-name.

NONE

The terminal user is not authorized to add, modify, or remove the specified factor factor-name. The command is failed.

READ Same as NONE.

UPDATE

The terminal user is authorized to manage the specified factor factor-name.

CONTROL

Same as UPDATE.

C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.ACTIVE.factor-name

This profile describes the authorization to activate an MFA factor for a user. This policy profile is used in conjunction with the FACTOR.ID policy profile. The FACTOR.ID policy profile controls the authority to manage the FACTOR for a particular user. The current policy profile controls the use of the ACTIVE status of the factor.

No profile found

This control is not implemented. Only RACF authorization is used to control the status of the specified factor.

NONE

The terminal user is not authorized to modify the status of the specified factor factor-name. The command is failed. The terminal user is also not allowed to explicitly specify the default value of NOACTIVE for the status of the factor.

READ Same as NONE.

UPDATE

The terminal user is authorized to change the ACTIVE status of the specified factor factor-name.

CONTROL

Same as UPDATE.

• C4R.USER.MFA.FACTOR.TAG.factor-name.tag-name

This profile describes the authorization to manage TAGs for the specified factor. This policy profile is used in conjunction with the FACTOR.ID policy profile. The FACTOR.ID policy profile controls the authority to manage the FACTOR for a particular user. The current policy profile controls the management of the TAGs of the factor. If multiple tags are set or removed in a single command, the terminal user must have sufficient authority for all tags. If the terminal user has insufficient authority to one or more tags, the entire command is failed. The special value + (plus sign) is used for the tag-name to designate the use of the NOTAGS keyword.

No profile found

This control is not implemented. Only RACF authorization is used to control managing TAGS.

NONE

The terminal user is not authorized to manage the tag tag-name for the factor factor-name. The command is failed.

READ Same as NONE.

UPDATE

The terminal user is authorized to manage the tag *tag-name* for the factor *factor-name*.

CONTROL

Same as UPDATE.

Chapter 4. IBM Security zSecure Messages Guide

This chapter lists the documentation updates for the *zSecure Messages Guide* as a result of the IBM Multi-Factor Authentication for z/OS (MFA) Service Stream Enhancement (SSE).

C4R413E Not allowed to set PWFALLBACK for user userid, command terminated

Explanation: The terminal user is not authorized to specify PWFALLBACK for the indicated *userid*.

C4R414E Not allowed to set NOPWFALLBACK for user userid, command terminated

Explanation: The terminal user is not authorized to specify NOFALLBACK for the indicated *userid*.

C4R415E Not allowed to manage factor factor-name for user userid, command terminated

Explanation: The terminal user is not authorized to add, change, or remove factor *factor-name* for the indicated *userid*.

C4R416E Not allowed to change active status of factor factor-name, command terminated

Explanation: The terminal user is not authorized to change the active or inactive status of factor *factor-name*.

C4R417E Not allowed to change tag tag-name of factor factor-name, command terminated

Explanation: The terminal user is not authorized to change the tag value for tag *tag-name* of factor *factor-name*.

C4R418E Not allowed to remove tag tag-name of factor factor-name, command terminated

Explanation: The terminal user is not authorized to remove the tag *tag-name* for factor *factor-name*.

C4R419E Not allowed to remove all tags of factor factor-name, command terminated

Explanation: The terminal user is not authorized to remove all tags for factor *factor-name*.

IBM.

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